(LVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2747.)

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1799.

PETERSBURG, June 7.

HIS Sardinian majesty has informed lord Nelson, in a letter, that he owes his safe arrival at Cagliari especially to the zeal and care of the commander of the Monitaur English man of war, and the Terpsicore frigate, which escorted his majesty all the way from Leghorn; that he met with 14 French cruisers on his passage, who had probably orders to capture the ship which carried his majesty, and bring her to Corfica. One of those French cruisers came so near the ship which carried his majesty, that the Terpsicore sunk her, and all the crew, consisting of 200 men, went to the bottom.

June 11.

OFFICIAL.

The court gazette contains a report from Ghezà Pacha, to the Porte, dated April 12, in which he says —"On the 7th March, Buonaparte advanced with a numerous army before the city of Acre, surrounded his camp with intrenchments and began to attack the city on the 8th with cannon and mortars. We made, successfully, six different sorties, at which the enemy left their intrenchments, fought desperately, and lost a great number of men. Notwithstanding all this, they attempted twice to take the city by storm, but they were each time repulsed with great loss.—Hitherto, 6000 of the enemy have been killed, and I sincerely hope, with the assistance of the Omnipotent, to be able to announce to you, soon, the total defeat of the infidels."

This report was perfectly confirmed by that of commodore Sir Sydney Smith.

MITTAU, June 6.

On the 3d inst. the consort of Louis XVIII. arrived here after a long and difficult journey, her husband went to the distance of 4 leagues to meet her, but found her at half the way. Their meeting, after a separation of 8 years, passed in reverse and misfortunes, was extremely affecting.

The day before yesterday arrived also the princess of France, Maria Theresa, from Vienna. Louis XVIII. set out in the morning to receive her; the first post house was to be the place of meeting; but the princess having much hastened her journey, they also met by the way. The moment of her reception afforded a scene extremely affecting. Animated by the same sentiments, Louis XVIII. the duke of Angoulene, and the princess quickly left their carriages, and tears of joy gushed from every eye. The princess threw herself sobbing at the feet of Louis, who immediately raised and most tenderly embraced her.

The duke d'Angoulene was then presented to the princess as her future spouse, and received his cousin with uncommon tenderness.

The marriage of this beautiful and amiable princess will take place on the 10th instant.

ZURICH, June 7.

It was on the 6th instant the French army evacuated this city, which they had entered on the 26th of April, 1798. At 1 o'clock in the morning the retreat of men, effects and beasts, commenced. At day-break all the cannon on the ramparts were nailed, the cartridges emptied and thrown away. The French then slowly moved from their camps and redoubts into this city and passed through the very middle of it, partly towards Baden, partly towards Bremgarten. All the inhabitants were on their guard, and every shop, gate and door shut up.

General Massena has ordered his thanks to be given verbally, and in the most grateful terms to our municipality, for the kindness and friendship he had experienced here, adding, that his retreat ought to be considered as a proof of his invariable affection. Massena staid to dinner, and did not quit us until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when the infantry that remained on the ramparts, followed him, and only a piquet of hussars remained stationed at each gate. These retreated likewise at half past 3 o'clock.

As fast as the French were quitting their intrenchments in the morning, the Austrians entered them, without firing a single shot upon their retreating enemies. The retreat of the French was peaceable and quiet, and the entry of the Austrians was orderly and still. At 4 o'clock in the evening of the 6th, the municipality opened the gates, and the Imperial troops occupied all the posts, while some of their detachments of heavy horse, infantry and artillery, passed through this city and marched towards Wiedikon. The Imperial army is uncommonly strong, and both men and horses afford a beautiful sight of martial grandeur.

Thus ended the 6th of June, a day for ever memorable to this city after a night passed in terror by the inhabitants that had a general assault to dread on the part of the Austrians, who would certainly have stormed it, if the French had staid but a few hours longer, orders having been given, and all being prepared for that purpose.

Yesterday morning the venerable burgomaster Kilchsperger, the president, and some members of the municipality, waited on that humane hero, the archduke Charles at his head quarters in Klotten, and recommended to him our city in the most pressing manner. The reception which his royal highness gave them, moved every by-stander to tears; he expressed his joy on finding that the French had done no injury to this place, and assured the deputation, that he had given orders to his troops not to fire a single shot upon the town where no body would be molested, and where his troops would observe the strictest discipline. —When the venerable old Kilchsperger presented the city keys to the young hero, he refused accepting them, saying: "The keys of your city are in very good hands." General Hotze is now among us.

The taking of Turin and the occupation of Mount St. Gothard has been announced in the parole of the archduke's army, which has now established a communication in both those points, with that of field-marshal Suwarrow.

June 12.

The head quarters of the archduke Charles is still at Klotten. The prince of Lorraine and general Hotze are here, and the inhabitants praise very much the good conduct and discipline of the Imperial troops. No essential change has, till now, been made in the government. The municipality continues in office, with the other branches of administration, under the title of a regency ad interim. The legion of Swiss emigrants is now in our neighbourhood, and several companies belonging to it in this city. In front of their standard are written the words *For God and their country!* in golden letters, and behind, the motto—*To conquer or die!* in characters of silver. Every private belonging to this corps receives daily, 16 kreutzers, besides his rations of bread and meat. The batteries and redoubts of the French, in front of our city, are demolishing much quicker than they were raised. All the inhabitants of this canton, who fought against the French, have returned home.

June 15.

The position of the French, at the distance of one league from hence, is almost impregnable; they occupy the chain of high mountains which run parallel with the lake, from south west to north-east. Batteries defend its approach. On the 8th the Austrians made a slight attack upon the front of that position on the Zurich road to Bremgarten.

The battle on the 13th inst. was a most murderous one. At 2 o'clock in the morning, the French attacked the Austrian out posts in front of this place, profiting of the disadvantage of the position of the latter, which is parted by the Limat, and of the circumstance, that that part of their army, which was to assist the other, was obliged to march through this city. They succeeded in repulsing the Imperial out posts to the camp, which consist chiefly of straw huts, and took some prisoners.—But the alarm being given, reinforcements having arrived, and the Austrian cavalry, pursued and advanced from Sietenfeld, the latter bravely held out in the place the shock which the enemy gave. At 4 o'clock the engagement became brisker, and the cannonade and even charge of musketry was spread along the line; some shells fell into this city and set a house on fire. At last a part of the Imperial army, which is still posted on the right bank of the Limat, having passed that river to reinforce their advanced guard, the French were smartly attacked and soon repulsed.

June 19.

Should all Switzerland be conquered, they talk of convoking a congress at Bern, to give Switzerland a federal constitution, similar to the United States of North-America.

LONDON, June 17.

Still victorious in Italy, the allies have made themselves masters of the city of Turin, which appears to have fallen an easy prey without an effort, which, probably, would have been ineffectual to save it, on the part of Moreau. The citadel, however, holds out; of this event the Paris papers to the 14th instant, which we received this morning, give no details—It is sufficiently obvious, that Moreau, inferior in numbers, harrassed by the peasantry, and in want of reinforcements of all kinds, could only save his army by a retreat, which he appears to have conducted in an able manner. The only chance he could have had of checking the progress of the allies would have been by a junction with Macdonald, who, by the last accounts, was concentrating his army at Florence, and meant to march from thence on the 29th or 30th ult. To ensure the safety of his army, and to reinforce it, appears to be one of the grand object of the directory.

One of the Paris papers of the 9th gives the following letter, which it states to have been written by Moreau, general in chief to general Muller, commanding the 7th division at Grenoble:

*Conc.*

"I have been enabled to disengage the army of Naples: to the 28th of Floreal I forced the enemy to act against me: it is a good operation, for the army of Naples, 40,000 strong, will have time to collect and to beat the enemy."

The Brest fleet after remaining a short time at Toulon is said to have sailed from thence and to have landed 16,000 men at Leghorn to join Macdonald. But the manner in which this intelligence is given, renders it, if not unworthy of belief, at least liable to doubt: it is mentioned in a short paragraph in the Paris papers of the 10th; but it bears no official shape, and is neither confirmed nor contradicted, nor even alluded to in the papers of the three subsequent days.

If the victories of the allies are gained with ease in Italy, they are hardly earned in Switzerland. Every inch of ground almost is disputed; and by the letters from gen. Massena, our readers will see, that the fighting between the archduke and him has been most severe. On the second instant there was a severe contest, which appears to have terminated with little advantage gained on either side. On the 4th a battle was fought still more bloody.——The account of it by general Massena is concise and unsatisfactory. He enters into no details; but it appears that in consequence of it, he found it necessary to retreat to the chain of mountains from the Albes with his left wing to the Rhine, and his right to the lake of Zug. It is probable, therefore, that Zurich has fallen into the hands of the Austrians.

These external difficulties and dangers have roused the attention of the Council of Five Hundred, who have sent a message to the directory demanding information respecting the state of the republic, both internally and externally. They have also published an address to the people, in which they endeavour to excite their enthusiasm and to animate them against the allies.

The conduct of Prussia is still the subject of much speculation. The Paris papers expect with confidence that she will decide in favour of the republic; but they do not mention the circumstances upon which their expectations are founded.

June 24.

The following is an extract of a letter from Overyssel, dated the 9th instant:

"It is the general belief here, that the king of Prussia will undoubtedly take an active part in re-establishing the ancient government of this country; and is only waiting the farther progress of the armies of Italy and Switzerland before he begins to act. This heightens the craft of some of the inhabitants while it depresses that of the patriots or French party. Four or five of the patriots have, within these ten days, made away with themselves, amongst whom is one who was formerly of the regency here, and till very lately in the directory. Others of the same party are removing their effects to Holstein and Denmark, and it is said general Daendels is among the number. He has already asked for his dismission, which has been refused. In the mean-time their troops are marching towards the frontiers, on which batteries have been erected. Four are erected near Hardenberg, and the town of Coevorden is already casemated and garrisoned."

NEW-YORK, August 29.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

*Received by the barque Pallas, in 44 days from Liverpool.*

LONDON, June 23.

Admiralty Office, June 22, '99.

*Extract of a letter from captain Sir W. S Smith, to Mr. Nepean, dated Tigre, off Tripoli, in Syria, the 2d of April,* 1799.

I beg leave to transmit, for the information of my lords commissioners of the admiralty, a copy of my report to the right honourable earl St. Vincent, of late events in this quarter.

*Tigre, off St. John d'Acre, 23d March,* 1799.

MY LORD,

I have the honour to inform you that, in consequence of intelligence from Ghezar Pacha, governor of Syria, of the incursion of general Buonaparte's army into that province, and his approach to its capital, Acre, I hastened with a portion of the naval force under my orders to its relief, and had the satisfaction to arrive there two days before the enemy made his appearance.

Much was done in this interval under the direction of captain Miller, of the Theseus, and colonel Phelypeaux, towards putting the place in a better state of defence, to resist the attack of an European army; and the presence of a British naval force appeared to encourage and decide the Pacha and his troops to make a vigourous resistance.

The enemy's advanced guard was discovered at the foot of Mount Carmel in the night of the 17th, by

the Tigre's guard boats; these troops not expecting to find a naval force of any description in Syria, took up their ground close to the water side, and were consequently exposed to the fire of grape shot from the boats, which put them to the rout the instant it opened upon them, and obliged them to retire precipitately up the side of the Mount. The main body of the army finding the road between the sea and Mount Carmel thus exposed, came in by that of Nazareth, and invested the town of Acre to the east, but not without being much harrassed by the Samaritan Arabs, who are even more inimical to the French than the Egyptians, and better armed.

As the enemy returned our fire by muskets only, it was evident they had not brought cannon with them, which were therefore to be expected by sea, and measures were taken accordingly for intercepting them; the Theseus was already detached off Jaffa (Joppa.)

The enemy's flotilla, which came in from sea, fell in with and captured the Torride, and was coming round Mount Carmel, when it was discovered from the Tigre, consisting of a corvette, and nine sail of gun vessels; on seeing us they haled off.

The alacrity of the ship's company in making sail after them was highly praise worthy; our guns soon reached them, and seven, as per enclosed list, struck; the corvette, containing Buonaparte's *private property*, and two small vessels escaped, since it became an object to secure the prizes without chasing further; their cargoes, consisting of the battering train of artillery, ammunition, platforms, &c. destined for the siege of Acre, being much wanted for its defence. The prizes were accordingly anchored off the town, manned from the ships, and immediately employed in harrassing the enemy's posts, impeding his approaches, and covering the ship's boats sent further in shore to cut off his supplies of provisions conveyed coastwise.

They have been constantly occupied in these services for these five days and nights past; and such has been the zeal of their crews, that they request not to be relieved, after many hours excessive labour at their guns and oars.

I am sorry to say that we have met with some loss, as per enclosed list*, which, however, is balanced by greater on the part of the enemy. By the encouragement given to the Turkish troops from our example, and by the time that is gained for the arrival of a sufficient force to render Buonaparte's whole project abortive. I have had reason to be perfectly satisfied with the gallantry and perseverance of lieutenants Bushby, Inglefield, Knight, Stokes, and lieut. Burton, of the marines, and of the petty officers and men under their orders.

I have the honour to be, &c.
(Signed)
W. SIDNEY SMITH.

* This list exhibits a loss of four midshipmen and eight seamen, killed; and one midshipman and twenty-six seamen wounded.

Total loss of the French—seven gun-boats, thirty-four guns, and two hundred and thirty eight men.

These gun boats were loaded, besides their own complement, with battering cannon, ammunition, and every kind of siege equipage, for Buonaparte's army before Acre.

---

BALTIMORE, August 31.

*From the New-York Gazette.*

MR. LANG,

As the real cause of the resignation of that truly valuable and gallant officer, captain Truxton, is generally misunderstood, I send you the annexed copy of a letter from that gentleman, enclosing a candid statement of his case from himself.

ONE OF YOUR READERS.

New-York, August 27th, 1799.

*Copy of a letter from captain Truxton to a gentleman in New-York, enclosing one from him, to a gentleman in Norfolk.*

*Perth-Amboy, 24th August*, 1799.

My Dear Sir,

I WAS so busily employed on board the Constellation, arranging matters for sea, when your letter came to hand, that I could not then find time to answer; and since I landed here, last from Sandy-Hook, have had but few moments in which I have found myself disengaged in matters that materially concern me.

On the subject of my resignation, as it was unexpected, I have received a volume of letters, making inquiry as to the cause—To answer them all at full length, would be constant employment for a week; therefore, I enclose you a copy of one answer, written to a friend of mine at Norfolk, which I expect will justify my conduct to you and him.

I do not think I shall visit New-York until I return from a short tour I contemplate making in the country, merely for the sake of exercise, when I shall be happy to see you. In the mean-time let me hear from you—and believe me always yours,

With real friendship and esteem,
THOMAS TRUXTON.

(COPY.)

PERTH-AMBOY, New-Jersey, August 19, 1799.

DEAR SIR,

I have received your letter by captain Barron, to whom I delivered up the command of the Constellation in the road of Sandy-Hook, last evening. As you have requested of me, a statement of the cause of my resignation, as far as I could consistently give it, I will readily comply with your desire, for I can, consistently, relate the whole cause, and every circumstance of it, there being nothing in the dark; and I am not ashamed of any part of my conduct:—No, Sir, I put all my enemies at defiance.

In the year 1794, an act of congress was passed for building six frigates, for a particular purpose, which act set forth; that, in case of a peace taking place between the United States and the regency of Algiers, all further proceedings should cease under that act. In consequence of this law, six captains were appointed, and the operations commenced for building the ships, under the superintendance of a captain to each frigate; but some time after the work had progressed considerably, the peace, restricting the further proceeding of building, took place, and the whole business was stopped agreeable to law: but, another act, after a great struggle in the house of representatives, was soon past; empowering the president to continue the building of three frigates, and pay, and rations, were provided for the captains only; and those three (Barry, Nicholson, Truxton), were commissioned, and their commissions numbered, 1. 2. 3. in the above order, and, and registered accordingly by directions of president Washington. The pay and subsistence of the other three, (as they had become deranged officers) then ceased, until the affairs of the nation called for an augmentation of the naval armament, in 1798; when the president nominated them a second time to the senate, who gave advice and consent to their appointment; consequently their commissions could only bear legal date, in my opinion, from that time, there being no permanent naval establishment—and their first appointment having died a natural death, with the law that gave birth to them.

It may again be said, as it has been argued, that the suspension of the functions of an officer, is no deprivation of his office; or that shaking down the apples, is not cutting down the tree. This is all true, and will hold good where the law is alive to continue the office; but, whenever a law, by which an office is created, dies, all appointments (not continued by another law) under it, must die also: for a chief magistrate, cannot, by our constitution, continue an office, beyond the life or existence of the law; and the derangements in our army, and subsequent appointments of old officers therein, give abundant proof of this fact; and in the case of Talbot, the very case in question! you see that the president would not risk the employment of him, on board a ship of war in the navy, until he nominated him a second time to the senate, and their advice and consent to his appointment.

Thus, Sir, you have, agreeable to your request, the whole story, told with candour and in as concise a manner as possible. And now I leave you to judge, whether I could as an officer, without despising myself, have done otherwise than resign; and I also leave you to judge of my feelings, after five years faithful service (of the best part of my life) attending the building of a ship of war, near two hundred miles from my family, and being constantly employed on board her on active scenes at sea, since she was fitted and manned—forsaking domestic ease and happiness—incurring disadvantages in private pursuits, and losses of many thousands of pounds, far beyond the prize money I have acquired, and the emoluments received from the service, which I am ready to show if necessary, and to prove: but this is not all, I am finally left, to commence a new employment, and to set aside all the arrangements I had made for spending my life, in a service I was devoted to.

But, Sir, it is much better for me to be thus chagrined and deranged, in prospects I had in view, and to suffer a multitude of disadvantages, other than I have enumerated, than one tittle of my honour should be tinged, by submitting with tameness and pusillanimity to that injustice which I feel—injustice, which every palpitation of my wounded soul tells me, is incomprehensible—but, Sir, I swear, by that long friendship that has subsisted between us, that I shall for ever feel, as a true American ought to feel; and the last drop of my blood I will readily spill, at any time, by sea or land, for the preservation of the honour and interest of my grateful country, for such I acknowledge to have found it to me, in a variety of instances—but one exception has separated me from its service.

It would, at this time, perhaps, be improper for me to communicate to you, any opinions of the officers of the government that have come to my knowledge, on the subject in question. I shall, therefore, only say, that in a letter from the secretary of the navy to me, dated the 15th June last, he says "my register stands, Barry—Truxton—Talbot—captain Nicholson, on employment on shore, and is satisfied." This gentleman (the sec'ry.) has behaved throughout the whole business, with the feelings of a true soldier, on the very delicate subject before us, and it is due to him, that I acknowledge it.

I am, with sentiments of regard, your friend and very humble servant,
(Signed)
THOMAS TRUXTON.

---


LOST,

OUT of the subscriber's kitchen, between the 12th of April and 16th of August last, a bell-metal SKILLET, which holds between four and five quarts. Whoever finds the same, and will bring it home, shall be handsomely rewarded, by

ELEANOR DAVIDSON.

Annapolis, September 3, 1799.

---

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to apply to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act of insolvency. w3

JAMES BROWN.

September 3, 1799.

---

By virtue of two writs of *fieri facias*, to me directed from the general court, will be offered for SALE, on the premises, on the 26th instant, for READY MONEY,

THE life estate of MATTHEW BEARD in a tract or parcel of land, known by the name of BEARD'S HABITATION, containing four or five hundred acres; the land is good, and has some good buildings on it; the above property is taken as the property of Matthew Beard and sold to satisfy debts due David Williamson from Matthew and John Beard.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

September 4, 1799. w3

---

SALE of BOOKS.

On Monday the 16th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, at my house in this city,

A VALUABLE collection of law and miscellaneous books, a catalogue of which may be seen at the bar of my tavern.

JAMES WHARFE.

Annapolis, September 5, 1799.

---

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county will be SOLD, at the late dwelling place of ISAAC PARKER, in South River Neck, on the 26th instant,

ALL the stock, consisting of horses and cattle, besides a variety of household furniture. The sale to commence at 11 o'clock, and for ready CASH.

PRISCILLA PARKER, Administratrix.

September 4, 1799.

---

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOSHUA HARRIS, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same, legally attested, for payment, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

LUCY HARRIS, Administratrix.

Annapolis, September 2, 1799.

---

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, on Sunday the 17th instant, two negro men, to wit: a mulatto man named BOB, aged about 38 years, uncommonly large mouth and lips, chews tobacco rather to excess, and thereby flavers much.

BASH, a negro, about 36 years old, strait made, a black, who has relations in Montgomery county, on Hallings river, where Thomas Lansdale, of said county, lately lived. If Bash is in said county taken, and secured in gaol, shall have a REWARD of TWENTY DOLLARS, on information thereof.

If both Bob and Bash are brought home, a reward of FORTY DOLLARS will be given, with all reasonable charges, including what the law allows, will be freely paid by

JAMES BELT, Friend's Choice,
Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne.

August 28, 1799. w3

---

Five Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, without any provocation, on the 31st of August, 1799, an apprentice lad named VACHEL JOHNSON, a shoemaker by trade, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has a down sullen look when spoken to, has sandy or reddish hair, tied behind; had on a new black castor hat, a long striped nankeen coat, a spotted Marseilles under jacket, nankeen trousers, and took with him nankeen breeches and white stockings, and other cloathing; he has since been seen in Baltimore.

All masters of vessels and others are forewarned harbouring or carrying off the ungrateful fellow at their peril. The above reward will be paid for securing him in any gaol, so that I get him again, by

SETH SWEETSER.

Annapolis, September 4, 1799.

---

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, two negro men, one by the name of STEPHEN JOHNSON, committed on the 17th of August, who says that he is free born, he is about 19 or 20 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, and chunky built, has a scar on his upper lip and a great many scars on his back, occasioned by the whip; his cloathing is an osnabrig shirt and trousers, and an old woollen cap. The other committed on the 26th of August, by the name of WILL NORRIS, who says that he was set free by William Darnall, of St. Mary's county, he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and stout made, has a scar on his right hand; his cloathing is a new wool hat, striped swandown jacket, osnabrig shirt and trousers, old shoes, with nails in the soles. Their masters are desired to take them away in two months from their several dates, or they will be sold for their prison fees and other expences, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

September 2, 1799.

---

NOTICE.

MRS. NIXON, from the State of Delaware, has taken the house lately occupied by Mr. JAMES P. MAYNARD, in this city, and opened a boarding house for the accommodation of collegians, and others, by the year, month, week, or day. From her experience in the business she flatters herself that she can afford general satisfaction. Those parents who chuse to place their children under her care, may rely on every attention being paid to the entertainment, conduct, and morals of the young gentlemen.

Annapolis, September 5, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next ſeſſion of the general aſſembly, for a law to levy on the aſſeſſable property of Anne-Arundel county, a ſum of money ſufficient to repair and render paſſable the high way leading by Mrs. Urquhart's tavern from Baltimore to the city of Annapolis.

Head of Severn, Auguſt 23, 1799.

---

In CHANCERY, Auguſt 24, 1799.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of MIDDLETON BELT, of Prince-George's county, praying for the benefit of the act for the relief of ſundry inſolvent debtors, paſſed at the laſt ſeſſion, on the terms therein mentioned, and a ſchedule of his property, and a liſt of his creditors, ſo far as he can aſcertain the ſame, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being ſatisfied, by competent teſtimony, that the ſaid Middleton Belt is, and at the time of paſſing the ſaid act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this ſtate, and the ſaid Belt, at the time of preſenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the aſſent in writing of ſo many of his creditors as have due them, according to the liſt aforeſaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of paſſing the ſaid act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the ſaid Middleton Belt, by cauſing a copy of this order to be inſerted once in each of three ſucceſſive weeks in the Maryland Gazette before the 20th day of September next, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery office, at eleven o'clock, on the twenty-fourth day of September next, for the purpoſe of recommending ſome perſon to be truſtee for their benefit, on the ſaid Belt's then and there taken the oath preſcribed for delivering up his property.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

---

In CHANCERY, Auguſt 27, 1799.

LLOYD BEALL, an inſolvent of Montgomery county, makes application, as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of ſundry inſolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a ſchedule of his property, and a liſt of his creditors, on oath, as by the ſaid act is required; and the ſaid Lloyd Beall being known to the chancellor to be a citizen of this ſtate, and of the United States, at this time, and at the time of paſſing that act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the 1ſt day of April next, for the purpoſe of taking the oath by the ſaid required, in preſence of his creditors, and that, by cauſing a copy of this order to be inſerted once in each of three ſucceſſive weeks before the laſt day of September next, in the George-town news-paper, or Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the ſaid 1ſt day of April next, for the purpoſe of recommending a truſtee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within ſix months from the time of the laſt publication, (if they ſhall think fit) their diſſent to his being admitted to the benefit of the ſaid act.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

---

## For Rent or Sale.

THE ſubſcriber would rent or ſell either 700 or 1200 acres of land, part of Marlborough Neck, on Patowmack river, and in the ſtate of Virginia, compriſing either one or two plantations or farms:—Theſe lands lie extending about one mile and an half on the river Patowmack, and about one mile from the mouth of Acquia Creek, on the ſouthern ſide; at that part of the Northern Neck where the Rappahannock and Patowmack approach, within nine miles, and they are not more than that diſtance from the Rappahannock markets of Frederickſburg and Falmouth; but their ſituation is rendered more peculiarly valuable by their convenience to the Patowmack markets of Alexandria, and the Federal city. The improvements conſiſt of overſeer's houſes, negro quarters and crop-houſes. The lands are well encloſed, and in excellent order for cropping. The fertility of the ſoil is equal to any in the United States, beſides which the fields all lay convenient to banks (apparently inexhauſtible), of the richeſt ſhell-marle, which by repeated experiments already made there, is found to be ſuperior to any other manure whatever. Theſe plantations beſides furniſhing graſs in abundance for large ſtocks, would now yield annually for ſale, on a moderate computation, 500 tons of exceedingly good natural graſs hay, with no other trouble than cutting and curing. The graſs lands naturally divide with each plantation, and each is furniſhed with good fiſhing ſhores, and high, dry, healthy ſituations for reſidence.

If rented to reſponſible perſons (and no other need apply) who will cultivate under certain conditions of manuring, croſs cropping, and improving, leaſes will be given. If ſold the purchaſers may be accommodated with about 30 or 40 Virginia born ſlaves, in families, who are reſident on the lands, where they have been moſtly raiſed, and to which they are attached—The whole eſtate is held under indiſputable title, derived from the original patentee.

JOHN FRANCIS MERCER.

Weſt-river, near Annapolis, Auguſt 5, 1799.

---

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of col. JOHN THOMAS, late of Charles county, deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit them, properly authenticated, to the ſubſcriber, thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid eſtate are required to make immediate payment.

ANNE THOMAS, Adminiſtratrix
of col. JOHN THOMAS.

Charles county, July 1, 1799.

---

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Thurſday the 26th of September next, on the premiſes, for READY MONEY,

THE life eſtate of MATTHEW BEARD in a tract or parcel of land, known by the name of BEARD's HABITATION; the above is taken in execution as the property of Matthew Beard, and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due William Harriſon, for the uſe of Harris and Vennings, by Matthew and John Beard.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

Auguſt 21, 1799.

---

By virtue of ſeveral writs of *fieri facias*, to me directed from Anne-Arundel county court, will be SOLD, on Saturday the 14th day of September next,

TWO tracts or parcels of land, known by the name of BEARD's POINT LANDS, IIAMS's PURCHASE, and BURGESS's CHOICE, containing two hundred and eighty-ſeven acres, more or leſs; the above lands are taken in execution as the property of John Beard, and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due to Eleanor Hall, executrix of John Hall, and two debts due William Goldthwaite.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

Auguſt 21, 1799.

---

## Boarding Houſe,

At the ſign of the Scales, Church-ſtreet,

WHERE gentlemen can be elegantly accommodated, &c. by the day, week, month, or year, as I have a good ſupply of every thing in that way, and hope to merit the favour of the public.

WILLIAM CATON.

The ſubſcriber has horſes, ſervants, and chair, to hire by the day, for the accommodation of gentlemen travellers, at the following prices, horſe 11/3, chair, horſe and boy, 35/ per day.

---

LOST, by the ſubſcriber, on Friday the 14th of Auguſt, 1799, at the market houſe, a large ſilver WATCH, with a ſilver face, makers name THOS. NEWMAN, London. Whoever finds the ſaid watch, and returns it to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive a REWARD of SIX DOLLARS.

JOSEPH SIMMONS.

N. B. She has no number.

Annapolis, Auguſt 20, 1799.

---

## NOTICE.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of BRICE HOWARD, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit them, legally authenticated, for payment, and all perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment, to

ANN HOWARD, Adminiſtratrix.

---

THE creditors of JOSHUA SENEY, late of Queen-Anne's county, deceaſed, are requeſted to appear at the houſe of JOHN CAIN, at Church Hill, in the ſaid county, on the 2d day of December next, with their claims againſt the deceaſed, legally proved and authenticated, at which time and place the ſubſcriber intends to make a dividend of the perſonal aſſets in his hands among all the creditors, according to law.

MARK BENTON, Anminiſtrator
of JOSHUA SENEY.

Queen-Anne's county, Auguſt 17, 1799.

---

## DESERTER.

ABSCONDED from the City of Annapolis rendezvous, one JOHN JONES, born in Anne-Arundel county, aged 22 years and 8 months, 5 feet 7½ inches high, light complexion, blue eyes, light hair, a joiner by trade, enliſted in the ſervice of the United States on the 5th day of Auguſt, 1799. (He is well acquainted on the north ſide of Severn, and about the Head of South river.) Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid deſerter in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

REZIN DAVIDGE, Captain
in the 9th reg. U. S. inft.

---

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away, on the 22d day of June laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living near Upper Marlborough, in Prince-George's county, a negro man by the name of SCOGGON, but it is probable he has changed his name, ſome times he calls his name NOBLE; he was hired to RICHARD SPRIGG, at a place of his called Sparrow's Point, near Baltimore, laſt ſummer, and he ran away from thence and ſtaid in Baltimore all laſt ſummer, and ſince I have had him he has ſaid that he has a wife in Baltimore, and very likely he has gone that way again; he is about 21 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, ſtout and well made, his complexion is very black, has a full flat face, and a ſcar over one of his eyes, he keeps his hair combed up before, and when ſpoken to has a fooliſh way of laughing, and when laughing ſhews his upper teeth, and his gums on them are uncommonly black; he had on and took with him, one brown broad cloth coat, one ditto of common blue cloth, much mended on the ſleeves, one waiſtcoat of white dimity, one ditto of black ſtuff, with two rows of buttons on it, one pair of pantaloons made of gray Bath coating, one pair of long boots, one high crown hat, much worn, one cotton ſhirt, and one pair of linen trouſers. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

JOHN OSBOURN.

---

## CAUTION.

WHEREAS the ſheriff of Anne-Arundel county has laid a *fieri facias* on a tract of land called BEARD's HABITATION, this is to give notice, that the right of ſaid property is veſted in the ſubſcriber, during the life of Matthew Beard, and as ſuch he is determined to defend the poſſeſſion thereof.

w 2 CHARLES BEARD.

Auguſt 27, 1799.

---

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends making application to the general aſſembly of this ſtate, at their next ſeſſion, to be relieved from debts which he is entirely unable to pay.

w 8 HYLAND GEARS.

Kent county, State of Maryland.

---

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcribers, of Charles county, in the State of Maryland, have obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, and ſtate aforeſaid, letters teſtamentary on the perſonal eſtate of JOSEPH CLEMENTS, late of Charles county, deceaſed, all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcribers, at or before the 10th day of March next, they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate. Given under our hands this 17th day of Auguſt, 1799. w 7

FRS. B. FRANKLIN, jun. } Executors.
RICHARD VARDEN, }

---

ALL perſons having any juſt claims againſt the eſtate of JOHN LEE, deceaſed, are deſired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the ſubſcriber, and all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment, to w 3

ANNE LEE, Adminiſtratrix.

---

At a meeting of the Viſitors and Governors of St. John's College, in the State of Maryland, on the 13th day of July, 1799.

RESOLVED, That, on the 1ſt day of October next, this board will proceed to elect a profeſſor of Engliſh and grammar, who ſhall receive for his ſervices at the rate of £.200 per annum, to be paid quarterly, and that public notice thereof be given, &c. &c.

Teſt. A. C. HANSON.

N. B. The office aforeſaid hath juſt become vacant by the reſignation of a gentleman whoſe affairs require the immediate undertaking of a voyage by ſea.

It is the duty of the ſaid profeſſor (to whom an aſſiſtant is allowed) to teach the Engliſh language grammatically, and to prepare ſtudents for a ſuperior ſchool, by teaching them the latin grammar, the vocabulary and cordery. Writing is to be taught to all his ſcholars at ſtated hours; and to thoſe boys who are not deſtined for the ſuperior ſchool, are to be taught, at the diſcretion of their parents or guardians, arithmetic, and other branches of ſcience uſually taught in Engliſh ſchools. A complete knowledge of latin, arithmetic, &c. is conſidered indiſpenſable in the profeſſor: and it is expected that candidates, who are not known to the board, will ſubmit to an examination, as well as produce teſtimony of their good morals and fair character.

The printers within the United States are requeſted to inſert in their papers the foregoing reſolution and remarks, and to repeat the publication, as often as convenience will admit, until the 20th day of September next.

---

THE ſubſcriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk Ridge Landing on Monday the twenty-third day of September next, at Rawlings's tavern on Saturday the twenty eighth, and all other days throughout the ſaid month at the office of inſpection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpoſe of receiving entries of carriages, and iſſuing licences to retailers of ſpirits and wine.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of RICHD.
Collector of the revenue Anne-
Arundel county.

Annapolis, Auguſt 1, 1799.

---

To the VOTERS of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS and ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN,

IN conſequence of the many ſolicitations of my friends, I am induced to offer myſelf a candidate at the approaching election for the office of ſheriff, and, as I have been upwards of five years employed in that buſineſs, conſider myſelf fully adequate to diſcharge its ſeveral duties; ſhould I have the honour to become your choice, no exertion on my part ſhall be wanting to give general ſatisfaction in the faithful execution of that important truſt. I have the honour to be, with great reſpect, the public's moſt obedient and humble ſervant,

JASPER EDWARD TILLY.

July 15, 1799.

---

COMMITTED to my cuſtody the 10th inſtant, a negro lad called TOBY, who ſays he belongs to CASTER MINEY MEARS, of Baltimore, he appears to be about 18 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, very black; had on a blue broad cloth coat, black caſſimer waiſtcoat, ſtriped nankeen pantaloons, and an old white linen ſhirt, has a ſmall ſcar over his left eye, which he ſays was occaſioned by the kick of a horſe when ſmall. His owner is deſired to take him away, or he will be ſold as the law directs for priſon fees, &c.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of
Prince-George's county.

Auguſt 13, 1799.

JUST RECEIVED,

From LEE's and Co. Patent and Family Medicine store Baltimore, and for sale by

GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.

## HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

### RECENT CURES.

(From the Baltimore papers.)

An infant (aged 5 weeks) of Mr. Henry Ewbank's, tailor, Charles-street, was dangerously afflicted with convulsion fits, so that his life was despaired of, but was perfectly cured by one dose of Hamilton's worm lozenges, which expelled several worms, the undoubted cause of the child's disorder.

A sister of the above gentleman, aged 22 years, living at New Castle, Delaware, after exhibiting for upwards of 15 months, every symptom of an increasingly dangerous consumption, experienced a rapid recovery, by the use of this medicine.

*A letter to the proprietor of Hamilton's worm destroying lozenges.*

July 10, 1799.

SIR,

I had been a long time afflicted with a violent and gnawing pain in my stomach, a dull, heavy continual head-ache, with a frequent swimming in my head, accompanied with dimness of sight, and some times partial blindness, and was rendered incapable of attending my business, through loss of strength; some times could scarcely eat a morsel for two or three days; when my appetite would suddenly become astonishingly voracious. I firmly believed myself to be in a consumption, which must soon put a period to my life: when happily hearing of several cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, in complaints which could not be accounted for, I took two doses, which expelled an incredible number of small sharp pointed worms: in short, I now enjoy as perfect health and strength as ever I did in my life, and I believe my cure to be entirely effected by means of your medicine.

My brother witnessing its surprising efficacy was induced to take a dose, though in tolerable good health, which occasioned him likewise to void a great quantity of worms of the same kind, and thereby probably prevented his experiencing those dreadful disorders with which I was afflicted.

A sincere desire that others in similar circumstances may receive the same benefit, is the reason for my sending you this account.

Yours, very respectfully,
AQUILA GOLDING, *Harford road*
two miles from Baltimore.

The numberless cures performed by this medicine, render it interesting to persons of every age and in every situation. Its efficacy is equally proved in preventing as in removing disease; it effectually cleanses and strengthens the stomach and bowels, so necessary at this season of the year, and the proprietor solemnly assures the public, that it may be administered with the greatest safety to the tenderest infant of a week old, or the most delicate pregnant lady, and he challenges any individual among the hundred in Baltimore who have purchased this medicine to specify any disagreeable or injurious effect that has followed its use.

### SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

*Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once using.*

Being the most speedy, effectual, and pleasant remedy ever offered to the public, and for the satisfaction of the timorous, the proprietor *maketh oath*, that this ointment doth not contain a single particle of mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its composition, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

### ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

*Prepared by the inventor* Dr. JACOB HAHN, *late of Calcutta; a medicine unequalled by any in the world for the prevention of*

BILIOUS FEVERS,
AND OF
DYSENTERY OR BLOODY FLUX.

Extensive and long experience in the East and West-Indies and in America has proved HAHN'S FEVER PILLS to be without a rival for gently discharging viscid and acrimonious bile, preventing the immoderate secretion thereof, and removing obstinate costiveness, the general causes of fevers of the inflammatory kind.

They possess a peculiar antiseptic quality, which they powerfully communicate to the system, and enable it to resist effectually the attacks of putrid and malignant fevers of every description.

They have never failed producing the happiest effects in cases of languor and debility; sickness at the stomach, and loss of appetite; giddiness and severe head-ache, and ought to be taken by all persons on entering a warmer climate than their native—They are of peculiar use to seamen, and ought to have a place in every medicine chest.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE
GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

### INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

Prepared by DR. LEROUX.

A safe and effectual remedy for venereal complaints of every description.

### ESSENCE OF MUSTARD,

*(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid state for external use.)*

For rheumatisms, gout, palsy, numbness, bruises, sprains, &c.

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

### MOSCHETTOE TINCTURE.

An immediate and effectual remedy for the sting of poisonous insects of every kind, particularly of *moschettoes, gnats, bugs, wasps, bees, &c.*

### CHURCH's GENUINE COUGH DROPS.

Those who wish to purchase any of the above articles are cautioned against the imposition of inferior medicines, and to inquire for them only of *Mr. Gideon White.*

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal profit by addressing to Rd Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

---

RAN away from the subscriber, living near the head of Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, on Thursday the 27th of June last, a negro man of the name of TOM, generally called captain TOM, being accustomed to sail in a wood flat for the subscriber to Annapolis; he is about five feet five or six inches high, stout made, has large cheek bones, and when he laughs shews his teeth, and generally has a large chew of tobacco between his under lip and teeth. Said fellow is about 25 years old, and has been accustomed to every kind of plantation work, and is an excellent sawyer at the whip-saw; he is rather slow in speech, unless intoxicated, and if spoke to sharp, has a down look; he had on his usual working cloaths when he went off, and took with him an old red casimer jacket, and white shirt with ruffles on it, and may have other cloaths which is unknown to the subscriber, as he has several relations in the neighbourhood. I do suspect he will make for Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get off by water. I will give 15 dollars if he is apprehended in Baltimore-town and confined in gaol, and if brought home to me twenty dollars, and if out of the state thirty dollars, and all reasonable expences for bringing him home, agreeable to law.

BASIL BROWN.

N. B. Masters of vessels, and others, are hereby requested and forewarned not to harbour or carry away said negro at their peril.

---

## DESERTER.

ABSCONDED from the city of Annapolis rendezvous, on Saturday night last, between the hours of 9 and 10, one PATRICK M'GROGAN, born in Ireland, in the county of Antrim, aged 21 years, five feet five inches high, light complexion, blue eyes, short black hair, a bottler by trade, enlisted in the service of the United States on the 12th of June, 1799. Whoever apprehends and secures said deserter shall receive a REWARD of EIGHT DOLLARS.

REZIN DAVIDGE, Captain
in the 9th reg. U. S. inf.

N. B. If M'Grogan is not favourably measured he will appear a little under measure. R. D.

Annapolis, July 22, 1799.

---

## For SALE,

### The following tracts of land, to wit:

TEN thousand acres, lying upon Bear Creek, formerly the property of Samuel Evans.

Three thousand four hundred acres, lying upon Indian Camp Creek, formerly the property of Jonathan Swift.

One thousand one hundred acres, lying upon Rough Creek, formerly the property of Jacob Souther.

Six hundred and forty acres, lying upon Rough Creek, formerly the property of John Houston.

Four hundred and ninety-five acres, lying upon Green River, formerly the property of William Whitely.

The above lands are situate in the State of Kentucky, Haden county, in the midst of a fertile and thick settled neighbourhood; they are of an excellent quality, will be sold on a credit from one to four years. Unquestionable titles will be given upon the payment of the purchase money. The tracts will not be divided.

REZIN DAVIDGE.

Annapolis, July 22, 1799.

---

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, a mulatto man named ISAAC, about thirty years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, has a down look, and is extremely knock kneed; took with him sundry articles of cloathing, among them a blue broad cloth coat, a red striped swandown waistcoat, and nankeen breeches. TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in any gaol, so that he be had again, or the above reward for bringing him home.

EDWARD HALL.

July 21, 1799.

---

## *LAND for SALE.*

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing *eleven hundred sixty-one and a half acres.*

WILLIAM WALKER.

Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

---

## To be RENTED,

### And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STEUART of
Mount Steuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

---

## WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws passed at November session, 1785; also one copy of the proceedings of the house of delegates of February session, and two of June session, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

---

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

---

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

---

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslinet waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new mall round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the gaol of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

Sept. 10, 1798.

---

THE subscriber respectfully informs his fellow-citizens, that having taken out licence as auctioneer, and given security agreeably to law, he is now ready to receive goods and other articles for public sale, and that they may count upon his utmost endeavours to give them satisfaction.

He has for private sale a tract of land, containing 222 acres, about 20 miles from the city of Baltimore; this tract is well watered and timbered, on which is an excellent mill seat.

A quantity of prime shad and herrings for sale.

JAMES WHARFE.

N. B. He will also sell, or barter, a schooner well calculated for the bay trade or West-Indies, and may be fitted for sea at a small expence.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

---

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798

---

## Ship timber wanted.

THE subscriber being authorised to contract with one or more persons for the timber of a seventy-four gun ship, to be built at the Navy Yard, at the city of Washington, will receive proposals for any part thereof until a sufficient quantity is engaged. The timber chiefly to consist of white oak, red cedar, mulberry, and pine, for which good prices will be given.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Naval Agent.

June 10, 1799.

---

ALL persons having claims against the estate of CHARLES MACCUBBIN, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same, legally attested, for payment, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

SARAH MACCUBBIN, Administratrix.

Annapolis, July 9, 1799.

---

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.